# **Complete Summary**

## **TITLE**

Medication safety: percentage of patients whose known adverse drug reactions are documented on the current medication chart.

# SOURCE(S)

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). ACHS clinical indicator users' manual 2009. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2009 Jan. 853 p.

## **Measure Domain**

## **PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN**

**Process** 

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the <u>Measure Validity</u> page.

## **SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN**

Does not apply to this measure

# **Brief Abstract**

## **DESCRIPTION**

This measure is used to assess the percentage of patients whose known adverse drug reactions are documented on the current medication chart.

# **RATIONALE**

An adverse drug reaction (ADR) is defined as "a response to a medicinal product which is noxious and unintended and which occurs at doses normally used in man for the prophylaxis, diagnosis or therapy of disease or for the restoration, correction or modification of physiological function".

The purpose of ADR documentation is to avoid further harm to patients who have previously experienced an ADR to that (or similar) medication. Data from New South Wales (NSW) audits of the National Inpatient Medication Chart (NIMC) show that completion of ADR documentation occurs 49-85% of the time. Incidents

involving medication administration to patients with a known ADR to that medication continue to occur. Prevention of such errors depends on current and complete information being available at the time of prescribing, dispensing and administration.

# PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Medication safety; adverse drug reactions

#### **DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION**

Total number of patients in the sample

Refer to the original measure documentation for recommended sample size.

#### NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Total number of patients whose known adverse drug reactions (ADRs) are documented on the current medication chart (see the related "Numerator Inclusions/Exclusions" field in the Complete Summary)

# **Evidence Supporting the Measure**

# **EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY**

- A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence
- A formal consensus procedure involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, and organizational sciences
- One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

# **Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure**

#### **NEED FOR THE MEASURE**

Unspecified

# **State of Use of the Measure**

#### STATE OF USE

Current routine use

## **CURRENT USE**

Internal quality improvement

# **Application of Measure in its Current Use**

## **CARE SETTING**

Hospitals

## PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Advanced Practice Nurses Nurses Physicians

# LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Single Health Care Delivery Organizations

## **TARGET POPULATION AGE**

Unspecified

#### **TARGET POPULATION GENDER**

Either male or female

# STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

# **Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component**

# INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

See the "Rationale" field.

## **ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS**

Unspecified

# **BURDEN OF ILLNESS**

Unspecified

# **UTILIZATION**

Unspecified

# **COSTS**

# **Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories**

# **IOM CARE NEED**

Getting Better Staying Healthy

## **IOM DOMAIN**

Effectiveness Safety

# **Data Collection for the Measure**

#### **CASE FINDING**

Users of care only

# **DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING**

Number of patients in the sample

## **DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME**

Patients associated with provider

# **DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

# **Inclusions**

Total number of patients in the sample

Refer to the original measure documentation for recommended sample size.

## **Exclusions**

Unspecified

## RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

# **DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT**

Institutionalization

## **DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW**

Time window brackets index event

# **NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS**

#### Inclusions

Total number of patients whose known adverse drug reactions (ADRs) are documented on the current medication chart\*

#### \*Notes:

- **Known adverse drug reaction** refers to any ADR identified before or during the current admission that has been recorded in the medical record. Any ADR that may influence future therapeutic decision making, whether it involves prescription medicine (including vaccines), overthe-counter medicine or complementary medicine, should be documented.
- **Documented** means the dedicated space on the current medication chart (defined below) has been completed in a way that is consistent with instructions in the National Prescribing Service Medication Chart Online Training Module as outlined below:
  - If there are no known ADRs, this should be documented on the medication chart as "nil known."
  - If no information is known about the patient's ADR status, for example if the patient is unable to communicate, this should be documented as "unknown."
  - Where previous reactions are known, the reaction, type and date should be explicitly
    documented. If the reaction type or date is unknown, this should be explicitly
    documented. If there is not enough space to explain the reaction type or date in full, a
    note should be made to refer to the patient's medical record for more detail.
- **The current medication chart** refers to the National Inpatient Medication Chart (NIMC) or other chart approved for use by the hospital's Drug and Therapeutics Committee.
- If patients have more than one medication chart due to a large number of prescribed medications, then documentation of ADRs should be on all charts to be included in the numerator.

#### **Exclusions**

Unspecified

# MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

#### NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Institutionalization

#### **DATA SOURCE**

Administrative data Medical record

# LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

## PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

# **Computation of the Measure**

## **SCORING**

Rate

## **INTERPRETATION OF SCORE**

Better quality is associated with a higher score

## **ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS**

Unspecified

# STANDARD OF COMPARISON

External comparison at a point in time External comparison of time trends Internal time comparison

# **Evaluation of Measure Properties**

# **EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING**

Unspecified

# **Identifying Information**

## **ORIGINAL TITLE**

Indicator area 1: medication safety CI 1.2.

## **MEASURE COLLECTION**

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) Equip Clinical Indicators

# **MEASURE SET NAME**

Hospital-Wide Clinical Indicators

## **DEVELOPER**

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards

# **FUNDING SOURCE(S)**

Funding is direct Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) funding sourced through our membership. ACHS does not receive external funding from the government or other sources.

#### COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP THAT DEVELOPED THE MEASURE

Our terms of reference dictate the composition of the working parties that develop our indicators and include the following:

- Two Clinicians -- nominated by the relevant specialty college/association/society, one nominated to be the chair of the working party
- Private Hospital Representative -- nominated by the Australian Private Hospital Association
- Consumer Representative -- nominated by the Consumer Health Forum of Australia
- Coding Representative -- nominated by the National Centre for Clinical classification on Health
- Quality Health New Zealand, nominated by QHNZ (if applicable)
- Epidemiological/Clinical Research Representative, Director of Health Services Research Group, University of Newcastle
- Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS) Representatives -- Clinical Director, Coordinator, Administrative Assistant
- Other Expert Stakeholders, as required

## FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

None

# **ADAPTATION**

Measure was adapted from another source.

#### **PARENT MEASURE**

Indicators for Quality Use of Medicines in Australian Hospitals: NSW Therapeutic Advisory Group, 2007

## **RELEASE DATE**

2009 Jan

## **MEASURE STATUS**

This is the current release of the measure.

# SOURCE(S)

Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). ACHS clinical indicator users' manual 2009. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2009 Jan. 853 p.

#### **MEASURE AVAILABILITY**

The individual measure, "Indicator Area 1: Medication Safety CI 1.2," is published in "ACHS Clinical Indicator Users' Manual 2009."

For more information contact, the Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS), 5 Macarthur Street, ULTIMO NSW 2007; Phone: (02) 9281 9955; Fax: (02) 9211 9633; E-mail: pos@achs.org.au; Web site: www.achs.org.au.

#### COMPANION DOCUMENTS

The following is available:

 Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS). Australasian clinical indicator report 2001-2007. Determining the potential to improve quality of care: 9th edition. ULTIMO NSW: Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS); 2008. 611 p. This document is available in Portable Document Format (PDF) from the <u>Australian Council on Healthcare Standards (ACHS)</u> Web site.

# **NQMC STATUS**

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on May 8, 2009.

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